Stop
U.S. Germ Warfare!

Part II.

Chronological Account of the Germ Warfare and Editorials from the *People's Daily*, Peking, and Commentaries Issued by Hsinhua News Agency.

The Chinese People's Committee for World Peace

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INTRODUCTION

After suffering a series of shattering blows at the hands of the heroic Korean People's Army and the Chinese People's Volunteers in its aggressive war in Korea, the American imperialists early this year launched bacteriological warfare against the Korean people in direct defiance of all international conventions and without the slightest consideration for humanity.

Since February 29th, the American interventionists have extended the use of this fiendish weapon against the people of Northeast China. Throughout this period American representatives at the armistice negotiations have deliberately carried out a series of blocking and delaying manoevres. This combination of events clearly reveals the intention of the American imperialists to prolong and extend the Korean war in order to further its avowed aim of attacking and destroying the People's Republic of China and bringing the people of Asia under American domination.

The heinous crimes committed by the American imperialists in Korea and China have aroused the boundless wrath of the people of these two countries who have mobilised their full strength to defeat the machinations of American imperialism. The peace-loving people throughout the world, horrified at the evidence of this latest American atrocity, have joined with the Korean and Chinese peoples in protest against these monstrous crimes and are demanding that international action be taken to bring them to a halt.

In face of the growing international demand that the perpetrators of these crimes against humanity, which threaten the peace and security of the whole world, be brought to justice, the United States government is striving frantically to deny its responsibility and to deceive the people by all manner of sophistry and shameless lies. But in view of the already accumulated and still mounting evidence their efforts are doomed to failure, and we are confident that truth and justice will prevail.

Below will be found a chronological account of the bacteriological warfare unleashed by the American aggressors both in Korea and in China. Also are included editorial articles from the Peking *People's Daily* and commentaries issued by the Hsinhua News Agency.

This chronological account testifies to the planned, widespread and continuous character of American bacteriological warfare in Korea and China. These irrefutable facts, attested to by hundreds of thousands of inhabitants in the areas where germ-infected insects, animals and other objects were dropped, give the lie to all the shameless and pitifully weak denials attempted by Acheson and company and by the venal American press. Moreover, they serve to establish the fact that the American imperialist ruling circles will not stop short of any vile infamy if they judge that it will serve to advance their aggressive designs.

A CHRONOLOGICAL ACCOUNT OF U.S. GERM WARFARE IN KOREA AND CHINA

Jan. 28—Feb. 17, Germs Dropped Over Korea

Insects laden with plague, cholera and other diseases were dropped by American aircraft over Korea.

From January 28 to February 17, these deadly insects were dropped over areas far from the front as well as over frontline positions in Ichon, Chorwon, Sangnyong, Pyongyang, Kumhwa and east of the Pukhan River.

Insects dropped were disease-laden black flies, fleas, ticks and mosquitoes. Korean military medical authorities reported that these insects carried plague, cholera and other diseases.

These insects were dropped to cause wholesale death and illness to Korean civilians and Korean and Chinese frontline forces.

Feb. 17—25, Germs Again Dropped Over Korea

Between Feb. 17-25, American military aircraft again dropped bacteria-laden insects on this side's positions along the Korean front and in the rear.

On February 17, American aircraft dropped a canister east of Pongraeho and southeast of Ichon. Numerous flies swarmed out on the bursting of the canister.

On February 18, American aircraft dropped containers carrying another mass of flies south of Namchonjom, Hanpori.

On February 19, American aircraft dropped insects resembling flies at Pongmyongni, Pakchungni, and Yongpongni, northwest of Sukchon, and Paripyong, and Sangsipripyong, northeast of Sukchon.

At each of the five drop-points, the area of dissemination ranged from 300 to 1,000 square metres; and the concentration of vermin ranged from seven to 100 per square metre.

On February 20, American invaders spread fly-like insects over our position at Paesokdong northeast of Kuhwari.

On February 22, American aircraft dropped five canisters in Sokmangsi and Nopuri areas south of Wonsan and north of Singosan. Two of the canisters burst and large numbers of flies swarmed out.

On February 23, many black flies dropped by American aircraft were spotted in the vicinity of Suhari southeast of Sibyonni.

On February 24, American aircraft dropped leaflets infested with louse-like insects over a valley northeast of Kuhwari and Height No. 131. American aircraft also dropped bacteria-infected fleas in the vicinity of Kamri Village, Hanjon Canton.

On February 25, flies dropped by American aircraft were discovered in the vicinity of Paesokri north of Sukchon. These insects were marked by tiny heads and white spots under their wings. Their legs were covered with a sticky substance. White-spotted mosquitoes with small abdomens were also discovered in this area.

Flaming anger was aroused among the Korean people, their army and Chinese volunteers over this continued use of bacteriological weapons in Korea by American aggressors. The people's forces and civilians mobilised all available means to exterminate these insects. Preventive and disinfection work on a large scale was carried out.

Feb. 25—Mar. 10, Germs Again Dropped in Korea

American invaders continued to drop large quantities of bacteria-laden insects, vermin and miscellaneous infected materials on frontline positions and in the rear in Korea between February 25 and March 10.

On February 25, enemy aircraft circled for a long time over Kyomidong and Kuyongdong, south of Pyongyang, and dropped flies, fleas, spiders and other disease-laden insects.

On February 26, enemy aircraft dropped four containers west of Kuhwari. They exploded and released mosquitoes, flies and ants. Fleas, flies and other infected insects dropped by enemy aircraft were

found at Changdori, Kumsong; Namsi, Taechon; and Pyongwonri, Koksan. On the Imjin River front northwest of Inchun, artillery of the American 3rd Division laid a smoke screen and afterwards fired six shells carrying cholera germ-laden flies and spiders.

On February 27, enemy aircraft dropped more than 20 poison bombs south of Kuhwari. Two enemy planes dived twice and dropped flies and mosquitoes over Hajongkok, northwest of Wichonni. Another enemy aircraft dropped infected leaflets and flies over Masongni and Sanghwangpodong, northeast of Kuhwari. Infected insects were also found east of Ichon and Chongju and southwest of Cholson. The same day, metal barrels containing bacteria-laden insects were dropped in the vicinity of Chonbosan Hill near Bobonri Village of Chonhan Canton. The barrels carry an inscription "U.S.A." Bacteria-infected midges and spiders were discovered by the anti-epidemic team in this area.

At about 5 p.m. the same day, four twin-engined American aircraft circled for half an hour over Sonorri, near Taedong River, water supply of Pyongyang, and spread cholera germ-laden flies.

On February 28, enemy aircraft dropped infected rats west of Kujang. Infected tree leaves were found in areas west of Manghaesan, southwest of Kuhwari. Germ-laden insects were also discovered in areas north of Pyongyang, west of Munchon and southeast of Tosan.

On February 29, flies, mosquitoes, spiders and other infected insects were discovered in Kumsong, Koksan, Sunchon, and in places east of North Hangang River. On the same day, germ-laden insects were also dropped by American military aircraft in South Hamkyong Province.

On March 1, fleas, mosquitoes, flies and other germ-laden insects were spotted in the vicinity of Tosan, Sinchon and Koksan.

On March 2, enemy aircraft dropped large swarms of flies, fleas, midges and other infected insects over Munchon and Songchon.

On March 3, enemy aircraft dropped one germ-laden container north of Anju, and another three over Sukchon.

On March 4, enemy artillery shelled our positions southwest of Maryangsan. In 17 rounds of fire, great quantities of germ-laden cotton were scattered by bursting shells.

On March 5, enemy artillery fired into our positions on the western front. Large quantities of germ-laden feathers spread out with the explosion of shells from one round of fire. On the same day, one enemy aircraft spread many infected leaves over Hwakok, northeast of Kaesong and another formation of American military aircraft raided Yonghung, South Hamkyong Province, and dropped germ-laden mosquitoes.

On March 6, an enemy aircraft of F-80 type flying at low altitude dropped germ-infected yellow leaves over Sunan; at 9 a.m., six enemy jet planes flew over Sukchon, one of which dropped a paper package which on bursting open released spiders. Germ bombs were dropped near Sibyonni. At 10 p.m., American aircraft raided Yonghung and fleas and spiders were dropped.

On March 7, germ-laden insects were dropped southeast of Unsan, and poisoned food packages containing biscuits and canned food were dropped east of Pyongyang. Swarms of flies and mosquitoes were also discovered around the bacteriological bomb dropped by American aircraft.

On March 9, two enemy aircraft dropped germ-laden fleas over Munchon.

On March 9, at 1 p.m., more than 10 rounds were fired at positions of this side at Panmunjom. The shells released poisonous insects which resembled flies and ants.

On March 10, at six a.m., four enemy aircraft appeared to the northwest of Chorwon and dropped a cloth receptacle which contained germ-laden pork. At 5 p.m. eight enemy light bombers appeared near Kujang and released a large number of germ-carrying birds resembling crowds.

Over the same period U.S. troops also fired germ-laden shells into our positions. On March 6 at 09:45 hours this side's positions southeast of Changdori were fired upon. When the shells exploded, they emitted white smoke and released germ-laden flies. Also on the 6th, one round of shell was fired at Sangnyong which, on explosion, released germ-laden chicken feathers.

March 11-21, More U.S. Germ Bombs Dropped in Korea

On March 11, on two separate occasions, an enemy plane dropped spiders, flies, sand flies and other vermin over Sunchon. Another two enemy fighter planes of the P-51 type scattered germ-infected yellow leaves over Togwon.

On March 12, enemy aircraft dropped germ bombs around Chisu Railway Station near Yangdog and large numbers of ants, bugs and other vermin were found around the bomb craters. The same day, two enemy fighter planes of the P-51 type flying over Yongamdong, southeast of Sibyonni, dropped pancakes, made of white Indian corn grain, which were laden with bacteria. The pancakes broke open in mid air and pieces were scattered wide. The next day, four birds were found dead in the area.

On March 14, enemy aircraft spread bacteria-infected flies, fleas, spiders, locusts, tree leaves, chicken feathers and other things over the areas west and north of Kaesong, east of Ichon, northeast of Panmunjom and Suan. The same day, five enemy fighter planes of the F-47 type dropped more than 20 germ bombs east of Sibyonni.

On March 15, an enemy plane dropped a large quantity of germ-carrying flies over the area of Kaepung. Germ-laden vermin, fired by enemy artillery or dropped by enemy aircraft, were found both to the northeast and to the southwest of Kaesong.

On March 16, one enemy F-80 plane dropped, west of Koksan, balls of cottonwool, in which were found rats and rat excrement. Two enemy P-51 fighter planes flying northeast of Namchonjom dropped a large number of infected frogs. Maggots dropped by American aircraft were discovered south of Koksan.

On March 17, enemy aircraft dropped north of Pyongyang and south of Sukchon a substance that resembled manure and also butterflies, ants and other insects.

On March 18, one enemy aircraft dropped nine bacteriological bombs over Sinanju. The next day, swarms of flies, bees and spiders were found in the bombed areas. Enemy aircraft also dropped paper containers with infected cottonwool and vermin west of Wonsan. The same night, American aircraft dropped germ-laden insects in the

residential quarters of the city of Wonsan and in adjacent areas. Many insects were found on the snow in the areas of Zhunchonri, Siniunri, Sinhynri and Sanjeri.

On March 19, enemy aircraft dropped infected leaves over Munchangni. The same night, American aircraft flew over the city of Wonsan and dropped large quantities of bacteria-laden earthworms, snails, grasshoppers, mosquitoes and other infected insects.

On March 20, one enemy aircraft dropped infected leaves over Suan.

On March 21, red insects resembling fleas, dropped by enemy aircraft, were found at Paeyoksan.

Feb. 29—Mar. 5, Germ Warfare Extended to China

American military planes extended bacteriological warfare to Northeast China besides bombing and strafing peaceful localities.

Between February 29 and March 5, American military planes made a total of 448 flights in 68 groups over Fushun, Sinmin, Antung, Kwantien, Linkiang and other areas in Northeast China and spread large quantities of germ-laden insects. They also bombed and strafed Linkiang and Changtienhokow.

On February 29, American planes in a total of 148 flights in 14 groups flew over Antung, Fushun and Fengcheng and spread bacteria-laden insects. An investigation on the scene showed that blackish insects were found within an area of 15 to 20 kilometres in Fushun County, covering Takow, Lijen and Fangsiao villages and Lientaowan.

On March 1, American planes in a total of 86 flights in 14 groups intruded over Fushun, Tatungkow, Changtienhokow, Kwantien and Chian, and spread black flea-like insects over Makinchwang and other places in Fushun County. Of these planes, eight in one group strafed a place five kilometres northwest of Changtienhokow.

On March 2, American planes in a total of 72 flights in 12 groups flew over Fushun, Antung, Tatungkow, Changtienhokow, Kiuliencheng, Chian, Kwantien and Changpai. They dropped large numbers of flies, mosquitoes, fleas and other disease-laden insects over Takow village, Fushun County and areas between Fushun and Mukden.

On March 3, five groups of American aircraft, in a total of 32 flights, spread germ-laden insects in Antung, Langtow and Chian.

On March 4, thirteen groups of American aircraft, in a total of 72 flights, spread germ-laden insects in Antung, Langtow, Tatungkow, Kiuliencheng, Changtienhokow, Chian, Hunkiangkow and Kwantien. At 11 o'clock that morning, six American aircraft were observed above Langtow, dropping two cloth receptacles from a height of 5,000 metres which burst open 2,000 metres up; and within a matter of seconds, a swarm of flies was found near the highway. At two o'clock in the afternoon, an American aircraft dropped another batch of flies above Jaoyangho, Paikipao in Sinmin County. On the same day, American aircraft dropped flies, mosquitoes, crickets and fleas east of Kwantien City and at Hungsheklatze.

On March 5, ten groups of American aircraft, totalling 38 flights, invaded Antung, Anpingho, Changtienhokow, Hunkiangkow, Tunghwa and Linkiang. One of these groups, in a total of eight flights, strafed and bombed Linkiang at about eight o'clock. Two of the inhabitants were wounded and five houses destroyed.

Mar. 6—12, Germs Dropped Over Wide Area of China

American planes extended their bacteriological warfare from China's Northeast to Tsingtao in Shantung Province.

At 21:00 hours on March 6, one American plane intruded over the outlying areas of Tsingtao, including Taipingchueh, Foushanso, Tamaitao and Shatzukou, and dropped germ-laden insects. Immediately after the plane flew away, flies, spiders, beetles, grasshoppers, ants and other insects were found by the inhabitants at Taipingchueh and Shatzukou on the eastern outskirts of the city.

At 11:00 hours on March 7, one American plane intruded over Tsangkou and Litsun to the northeast of Tsingtao and dropped large quantities of flies, mosquitoes, fleas and spiders.

Air intrusions into Northeast China continued between March 6 and 12, with American planes dropping more germ-laden insects in addition to bombing and strafing.

From 10:06 to 16:00 hours on March 6, four groups of American aircraft in a total of 19 sorties intruded over Antung, Chiuliencheng,

Fengcheng, Shuifeng, Tatungkow and Changtienhokow, and dropped large quantities of flies, mosquitoes, fleas, spiders, beetles, ticks, midges, lice, ants and another kind of black insect.

On March 7, one American plane intruded over Chian and other places and scattered germ-carriers. Infected mosquitoes, flies and fleas and other insects were found on that day at Taipingkou, Chian County, and in Chuangho, Kwantien, Chinchow, Mukden and Sinmintun.

On March 8, various kinds of infected insects dropped by American planes were found in Mukden, Tunghua, Linkiang, Fusung, Chian, Sinpin, Fengcheng, Antung and Fushun. They included centipedes, locusts and spiders.

On March 9, eight groups of American planes in a total of 38 sorties intruded over Langtow, Lungwangmiao, Fengcheng, Changtienhokow, Huanjen, Changpai and Chian, and spread germ-laden insects. Mosquitoes, flies, spiders and other germ carriers were found on the same day at Fengcheng, Huanjen, Changpai and Chian.

On March 10, eight groups of American planes in a total of 42 sorties intruded over Antung, Anpingho, Changtienhokow and Paichutzu, and dropped infected insects; and large quantities of germ-laden leaves were found at Wulungpei in the outlying area of Antung. On the same day, more flies, mosquitoes, ants, spiders, crickets and fleas were discovered at Linkiang and other places.

On March 11, four groups of American planes in a total of 27 sorties intruded over Antung, Langtow, Kiuliencheng, Anpingho, Changtienhokow and Tumentzu. Chicken, duck and goose feathers infected with germs dropped by American planes were found at Lungwangmiao, west of Antung. On the same day, three cloth receptacles carrying white poisonous crystal substances and yellow powder were found at Langtow.

On March 12, eleven groups of American planes in a total of 62 sorties intruded over Antung, Anpingho, Yungtienhokow, Tatungkow, Fengcheng, Hsiuyen and Chian. One of them carried out bombing and strafing over Santaokow and Huangpaitientzu of Chian County, and dropped poisoned sticky substances between the railway stations at Huangpaitientzu and Yangcha.

The same day, another eight American aircraft intruded over the area of Kwantien County and dropped a bacteriological bomb. Clusters of infected flies, mosquitoes, spiders, other insects and chicken feathers and fragments of plasters were discovered in a maise field east of the Kwantien town.

March 13—26, U.S. Intensified Germ Warfare in Northeast China

Unrelentingly, the Americans continued flying their aircraft into Northeast China, dropping bombs and spraying masses of germ-bearing insects and infected materials. In the nine days ending March 21, seventy-one groups of American planes encroached on China's territorial air and made a total of 318 sorties.

On March 13, bacteria-infected insects such as spiders, centipedes, flies and mosquitoes were dropped by American aircraft at Fushun, Fusin, Mukden, Kirin and Szeping.

On March 14, five groups of American planes in a total of 17 sorties intruded over Tatungkow, Antung, Langtow, Kiuliencheng, Changtienhokow and Pulantien. The same day, fleas, a species of small black insects, midges, bugs, locusts, lice and other infected insects dropped by the Americans from the air were discovered in these places.

On March 15, one American plane intruded over Kaiping, Hsiungyueh and Lishutun, and dropped small grey mice, flies, mosquitoes, earthworms and other infected insects.

On March 16, seventeen groups of American planes in a total of 75 sorties intruded over Antung, Langtow, Fengcheng, Chian, Linkiang, Chingyu and Lakushao. At 3 p.m. more than 10 American planes were seen over a certain part in Antung dropping white containers. Infected insects including flies, mosquitoes and spiders were found immediately afterwards in the vicinity. At one minute past two on the same afternoon, an American aircraft dropped two bombs near Chian station, wounding 16 people and damaging 12 houses.

On March 17, fourteen groups of American aircraft in a total of 74 sorties intruded over Tsitsihar, Keshan, Naho, Shileng, Tiehli, Peian, Tungpei and Antung. At 2 p.m. two white packages dropped by American aircraft were found at Keshan. At 3 p.m. a large number of balls of cottonwool containing lice and fleas were found at Yungan village of Keshan.

On March 18, two American planes intruded over Keshan, at 7:40 p.m. After circling for more than 40 minutes, they flew over Taian, Naho and Laha station.

On March 19, five groups of American planes in a total of 23 sorties intruded over Antung, Kwantien, Linkiang, Keshan, Naho and Laha and dropped flies, spiders and centipedes.

On March 20, seven groups of American aircraft in a total of 44 sorties intruded over Antung, Laokukow, Tatungkow, Changtienhokow, Langtow and Kiuliencheng. At 11 a.m. infected objects, including oak tree leaves, pear tree leaves, sorghum leaves and chicken feathers, were dropped.

On March 21, twenty-one groups of American aircraft in a total of 82 sorties intruded over Tsingtuitze, Siuyen, Peichingtze, Antung, Chingyu, Changpai, Tsitsihar and Chiaho, and dropped infected objects and insects such as mosquitoes, cottonwool and tree leaves.

On March 26, one American military plane intruded over Changpai at 9:35 p.m. under cover of darkness. Several explosions were heard by peasants living in Chiatsaishui Village of the 4th district of Changpai.

Early next morning, a broken germ bomb was discovered some 180 metres west of peasant Li Ming-cheng's house. Leaflets were scattered around the bomb, with flies, fleas and beetles on them. . . On March 31, the casing of another germ bomb was found at the foot of a small hill on the south bank of Patao River, about one fourth of a kilomtre from Taweitze Village. On April 1, peasant Chin Hsi-shan discovered a third germ bomb on a hill in the vicinity of Kushantsuntun. The bomb was broken into eight pieces.

The shape of all these bacteriological bombs is exactly the same as those dropped by American aircraft in Korea. The bomb fuse is silver-white, and the bomb casing and fins are grayish-yellow in colour. The over-all length is 149 cm.; the fuse 8 cm., the fins 27.8 cm., the casing 113.2 cm. in length and 36 cm. in diameter. The inside of the bomb is divided into four compartments, and the words "U.S. Time" are clearly marked on the fuse-tube together with many figures.

To camouflage their crime of using germ warfare, the American aggressors cunningly inscribed the outside of the bombs with the words "Bomb Leaflet" and "500 PBM 105," and on the other side the word "Empty."

EDITORIALS AND COMMENTARIES

Stop U.S. Germ Warfare

A stirring call to the world to "rise up and halt the appalling crime of the American aggressors in Korea in waging bacteriological warfare" was made editorially by the Peking *People's Daily* on February 23. The editorial reads in part:

The monstrous American aggressors, whose hands are already steeped in blood, have lately added to their long list of crimes in Korea by employing the inhuman weapon of bacteriological warfare on a large scale against the heroic, famed Korean People's Army and Chinese People's Volunteers, and against the whole Korean population. No decent person in all the world can fail to be stirred to anger at yesterday's news from the Korean front, nor can he remain passive in the face of the appalling crimes of the American murderers.

It is common knowledge that for all their heavy artillery barrages, the American aggressors have failed to make any headway at the front against the positions held by the heroic Chinese and Korean people's forces; and so, at their wit's end, failing in strength, they are sending their military aircraft with disease-laden insects to destroy the Chinese and Korean people's heroes and the civilian population by plague, cholera and other deadly diseases. By these barbarous means, they hope to gain what they otherwise find it impossible to achieve. This is the behaviour of desperate maniacs, utterly devoid of human principles; criminal action which violates international conventions and follows the pattern of the fascist criminals who waged bacteriological warfare in the Second World War.

Countless are the violations by the American aggressors of international conventions. Their total list of crimes is too long to enumerate. They have used weapons of mass annihilation and more than once used poison gas. They have destroyed and are still destroying villages, cities and peaceful civilians and have slaughtered and

tortured large numbers of Chinese and Korean prisoners of war. But all this does not satisfy them and they are now resorting to bacteriological warfare which surpasses in horror all their former crimes. The use of this weapon of wholesale and indiscriminate annihilation proves that the American aggressors are the deadly enemies of every peace-loving person in the world, the hardened opponents of the justice and security of all humanity.

That the American aggressors have long planned the use of this weapon is proved by evidence. The tried their best to shield the Japanese bacteriological war criminals after the Second World War; they have nurtured a group of cannibals to conduct planned research into and to manufacture bacteriological weapons; after they began to suffer heavy defeats, they sent the Japanese bacteriological war criminals to Korea, to prepare for bacteriological warfare; and they have used Korean and Chinese prisoners of war as guinea pigs in bacteriological experiments, trying out their weapons on them before employing these weapons on a still larger scale on the battlefront. And the criminal activity on board the American landing craft No. 1091 has long become an open secret. All this points to the fact that the American aggressors have long been deliberately preparing bacteriological warfare, working in league with the Japanese bacteriological war criminals.

It should now be clear to everyone why the American aggressors have been using every means to prolong the armistice negotiations. Their military adventures failed. They were compelled to negotiate. But they are not accepting this position. Using every trick to obstruct the negotiations, they are trying to pull themselves out of the hopeless mire by this ruthless and utterly inhuman device of bacteriological warfare. They are still thinking not only of further adventures on the Korean front, but of extending aggression in Korea, and destroying and occupying all Korea as a springboard for launching a new war.

We must warn the American aggressors that they will be responsible for all the consequences of this use of bacteriological warfare, the most appalling crime they have yet committed in violation of civilisation. Their intolerable obstruction of the armistice negotiations and their use of this vicious weapon while the negotiations are going on prove that they are the most envenomed opponents of the people's aspirations for peace. They are placing themselves daily in the

position of world public enemy and are bound to be shunned by mankind.

We call on those among the American-led aggressive forces in Korea who have been deceived and still retain a spark of conscience—whether American, British, French, Turkish, Australian or any other nationality, to look at the enormity that is being committed by the American aggressors, to recognise that this crime of mass annihilation is unforgivable, to stand up and refuse to be part of it, to oppose this crime and refuse to go on throwing their lives away in vain for the benefit of the criminal schemes of the American aggressors.

There is no doubt whatever that the American aggressors will fail in their plans, their desperate ventures will be fruitless. Bacteriological warfare will not remedy their failure any more than their so-called naval and air "superiority" and all their other weapons. It will merely stir the decent people of the world to greater anger and will spur the Korean and Chinese people's forces to greater heroism. There can be no other possible outcome. The heroic Korean and Chinese warriors will undoubtedly go on hitting the aggressors hard until they are willing to accept a fair and reasonable armistice.

We call on all peace-loving people throughout the world to rally at once for the sake of civilisation and justice and halt the appalling crime of the American aggressor in carrying out large-scale bacteriological warfare in Korea. Humantiy has the right to demand that America stop its bloodthirsty monstrous violations of international conventions and its crimes against mankind. We wholeheartedly support the appeal of the second session of the World Peace Council to the United Nations, which represents the demand of millions of people in the world, for the unconditional banning of all types of atomic, bacteriological and chemical weapons, poison gas, radioactive weapons and all other means of mass annihilation and for proclaiming as a war criminal any government which first employs them. We surely hold the American aggressors fully responsible for all their crimes committed in Korea. If the American aggressors do not at once stop their maniacal, savage crimes, they must bear all the consequences that flow from them. We, the people of China, and the people throughout the world will give all the more active support to the Korean People's Army and the Chinese People's Volunteers and take resolute and effective action to smash all the criminal plans of the American aggressors.

America Cannot Deny Evidence

Unbounded support for Foreign Minister Chou En-lai's statement on the use of bacteriological warfare by the United States is expressed in the editorial in the *People's Daily* of March 8 entitled "Punish the American Butchers Who Are Bombing and Spreading Germs in Northeast China."

The editorial says, "Foreign Minister Chou En-lai has made a solemn protest on behalf of the Chinese Government and has announced that members of the American air force who invade China's territorial air and use bacteriological weapons will, on capture, be dealt with as war criminals. He also declared that the U.S. government must bear full responsibility for all the consequences arising from their crimes."

This official statement, says the paper, represents the "indomitable will of the Chinese people and their boundless wrath at the attempt to extend the Korean war and conduct germ warfare."

The American aggressors will certainly be severely punished and will have to pay for their crimes, continues the editorial. "The Chinese people are fearless in the face of any American provocations, because we know very well that the more isolated and desperate the enemy is, the more frantic he becomes. The Chinese people's great resist-American-aggression-and-aid-Korea movement will go forward on a even bigger scale and the heroic sons of the Chinese and Korean people will strike the savage American aggressors still heavier blows. All peace-loving, decent people will stand by us in our fight to the end to check the monstrous crimes and to punish the vicious American butchers with the utmost severity."

The editorial goes on:

Public opinion throughout the world is unanimous in its condemnation of the utterly inhuman crime of the American aggressors in launching bacteriological warfare in Korea. Nevertheless, despite serious warnings, they are now extending bacteriological warfare to Northeast China.

At the same time, they are trying to evade their responsibility for this crime and have shamelessly denied their use of bacteriological weapons. On March 4, U.S. Secretary of State Acheson said: "The

United Nations forces have not used, and are not using, any sort of bacteriological warfare." But whatever cunning Acheson and the American brasshats may use, they cannot hide their carefully planned and prepared crimes.

It is generally known that in the winter of 1950, when the American invading forces were retreating in confusion under the hammer blows of the Korean and Chinese people's forces, they used bacteriological weapons in the area along the line between Pyongyang and Wonsan. It is well known, too, that a group of "bacteriological specialists" under the direction of Crawford F. Sams, Chief of the U.S. Army's so-called Public Health and Welfare Section, carried out bacteriological experiments on board the American landing vessel No. 1091; while the criminal activities of the Japanese fascist bacteriological war criminals whom the American aggressors have taken to their bosom, men like Shiro Ishii, Jiro Wakamatsu and Masajo Kitano are notorious. Acheson and his crew dare not make a single mention of these facts which are already widely known throughout the world. They have no way at all of denying the abundant evidence of the crimes committed by the American invading forces in their use of large-scale bacteriological warfare in Korea and Northeast China.

People all over the world have long ago discovered that the American aggressors and their government officials are a group of shameless and dirty liars. People still remember that two months after the United States started its war of aggression in Korea, when Chou En-lai, China's Minister of Foreign Affairs, cabled a protest to the United Nations on August 24, 1950, against America's invasion of China's territory, Taiwan, the officials of the U.S. Department of Defence seriously stated that there were no American military personnel in Taiwan and the U.S. navy, aircraft and war vessels had not gone to Taiwan. Yet the fact was that U.S. military personnel, and the U.S. navy and air force had long invaded Taiwan and its territorial waters. Now the vicious American aggressors, acting in complete violation of all human codes and international conventions are conducting bacteriological warfare on a large scale. There is no end of evidence in corroboration of this. It is not only impossible for them to get away from the facts, but the more denials they issue, the more clearly they show themselves in their true colors. The Chinese people will undoubtedly take measures to punish these vicious germ

warfare *ghouls* with the utmost severity. It is the sacred right of the Chinese people, which they must insist on in order to uphold justice and safeguard their own security and that of all mankind.

That the American aggressors have chosen precisely this moment to bomb our Northeast again and to carry out large-scale germ warfare has the obvious aim of wrecking the armistice talks in Korea, prolonging and extending the aggressive war in Korea and instigating new wars. It is by such ventures that the American aggressors attempt to maintain the war profits of the American monopolists and to continue their grabbing of the manpower and the material resources of all their satellite countries. The governments of all the satellite countries of the United States, therefore, face a critical test. They must express their attitude towards the daily increasing crimes on the part of the U.S.A. in wrecking the armistice talks in Korea, indiscriminately bombing Northeast China, spreading large quantities of bacteria and extending the war of aggression. Those who advocate the halting of these American appalling crimes and make efforts to this end may yet have the chance of avoiding the pitfalls of a new war which the American aggressors have prepared for them. But those who condone these crimes of the American aggressors and support them or try to shift the blame or cover them up under any pretext whatsoever will demonstrate once and for all that they are out and out lackeys of the American aggressors and, like the American aggressors themselves, are the deadly enemies of human justice and security.

International Committee of Red Cross Is U.S. Tool

A special correspondent of Hsinhua News Agency made the following commentary on March 22, exposing the true character of the International Committee of the Red Cross as a tool of the American aggressors.

Dean Acheson, American Secretary of State, is very anxious to find shelter from the wrathful and universal tide of condemnation that has risen since the American aggressors launched their bacteriological warfare in Korea and Northeast China.

When he issued a statement on March 4 denying this crime, he said that he "would welcome an impartial investigation by an international agency such as the International Committee of the Red Cross." Then in a message sent on March 11 he asked the Committee, which he praised as a "disinterested international body" to investigate "on both sides of the Korean battlelines" the charge of germ warfare and prophesied that it would "provide additional evidence with regard to the falsity of biological warfare" charges. On March 19, Cohen, the American representative to the United Nations Disarmament Commission, also proposed that the International Committee of the Red Cross "inquire into the charges that the United States has used germ warfare in Korea."

People will wonder why the American imperialists are so partial to this Committee and repose such trust in it, why they sing such praises to its "disinterestedness' and "impartiality" that they wish it to take on the task of investigating their horrible crime.

The blind eye which this allegedly disinterested and impartial agency has in the past turned toward American acts of aggression in the Korean war shows clearly that, under the sign of the Red Cross, it has long curried favour with the American imperialists.

This is seen particularly on two points—the way in which it has thrown overboard the Geneva Convention on prisoners of war, which it professes to be fundamental to its work, and the way it has condoned the atrocities committed by the American troops of aggression in Korea.

In South Korea, the International Committee of the Red Cross has rendered service to the American aggressors, in the name of the Geneva Convention, ever since they started their war against Korea. What the American aggressors have been doing to Korean and Chinese prisoners is to insult, torture and massacre them in a variety of brutal ways. Yet these people are supposed to be entitled to entirely different treatment according to the Geneva Convention.

Articles 3 and 13 of the Geneva Convention stipulate that all prisoners of war must be protected from maltreatment, threats, insults and physical mutilation. In order to keep back Korean and Chinese prisoners, the American aggressors have conducted so-called "screening" and "interrogation." They have sent in Chiang Kai-shek's

and Syngman Rhee's special agents who have forcibly tattooed insulting slogans on the prisoners and compelled them to sign petitions in their blood. American officers in charge of the P.O.W. camp have intimidated these prisoners, threatening that if they return to this side, they would have no other alternative but death.

Article 13 of the Geneva Convention also stipulates that "no prisoner of war may be subjected to physical mutilation or to medical or scientific experiments of any kind which are not justified by the medical, dental or hospital treatment of the prisoner concerned and carried out in his interest."

The American aggressors have openly violated this Article too. On board their No. 1091 landing craft, they have at Wonsan and on Koje Island used many prisoners of this side for bacteriological experiments. As a result, eight out of 10 prisoners of war in American-controlled war prisoner camps are ridden with diseases. And it is a matter of particular anger that time and again the American aggressors have carried out ruthless cold-blooded massacres of captured personnel of this side, in direct violation of Articles 3 and 13 of the Geneva Convention.

Yet these ghastly crimes, in direct violation of the Geneva Convention, have all been committed under the very nose of the International Committee of the Red Cross which the Americans described as having "completely free access to the camps to interview the P.O.W.s." (United States Information Service dispatch of December 15 from Tokyo.) But this "disinterested international body," as Acheson calls it, paying solemn lip service to the Geneva Convention wherever it goes, has not lifted a finger to prevent these brutal crimes. It has not even said a word about them. On the contrary, it has gone out of its way to protect the criminals by consistently rating conditions in these P.O.W. camps excellent. (Associated Press dispatch of December 14 from Tokyo.) What is this if not evidence that the International Committee of the Red Cross is an accomplice of the United States? This came out with particular force when the American forces slaughtered a large number of P.O.W.s in the camps on February 18 and March 13. When public opinion reacted sharply to the facts the Americans rushed in to say that the International Committee of the Red Cross was conducting an on-the-spot "independent" investigation. More than one month has elapsed since the

alleged "investigation" into the massacre of February 18 began. So far nothing has been heard about any report on this massacre. It is indeed not an easy matter for the International Committee of the Red Cross—accomplice of American imperialism, under the cloak of the Geneva Convention—to write such a report. If the report were very similar to that issued by the American side, it would expose the true countenance of the Committee as a servant of the American aggressors. And if the report were to give a true picture, it would place its masters in an awkward position!

Both Acheson and the Committee are worried about the tremendous feeling that has been aroused over the news of American large-scale germ warfare in Korea and Northeast China. Acheson on March 4 declared that he would welcome an investigation by the Committee. Hurrying to comply, the Committee the next day sent a message to Supreme Commander Kim Il Sung and Commander Peng Teh-huai asking to be allowed to go to the rear areas of our forces, but dared not mention any word about bacteria. Then, on March 11, Acheson definitely invited the Committee to investigate; and the Committee in turn quickly came out with a statement on March 13 that it had sent a message the previous day to Supreme Commander Kim Il Sung and Commander Peng Teh-huai demanding that a committee be organised to carry out the investigation.

The Committee is so hasty in responding to Acheson, even ignoring the regulation which, it claimed, gives it no right to investigate.

When the Women's International Democratic Federation's fact-finding commission on atrocities committed by the American and Syngman Rhee Forces in Korea sent its report to the International Committee of the Red Cross and accused the American forces of atrocities, the Committee, in a flurry, issued a memorandum right and left on November 23, using every possible excuse to deny that it had any authority to investigate contraventions and violations of international law. It was afraid it might be called upon to conduct an investigation which would place it in a very embarassing position. It even invoked a working rule, enacted in 1939, to avoid being specially invited to investigate the American atrocities, should such invitation arise. This rule states to the effect that the International Committee cannot be charged with responsibility to carry out an investigation unless (a) such an investigation has been authorised

by a prior agreement; (b) there is special agreement by all the parties concerned. This is a very useful rule. The Committee knew there was no agreement to authorise it to investigate. And it knew still better that all the parties concerned in the Korean war would never be able to work out some special agreement to invite it to investigate American atrocities.

It closed the door fast against the danger of doing an embarassing job by making a fool of itself. How was it to know that four months later a demand would come up for an investigation, and that it would be Acheson himself demanding it, in an attempt to save himself from the flood of universal condemnation against the American germ warfare. At this critical point, the Committee conveniently forgot all the reasoning and stipulations it had put up four months before to justify its refusal to investigate the American atrocities.

We would ask, by the authority of which particular convention and by the conditions of which special agreement did Acheson ask the Committee to investigate germ warfare? On what particular basis did the Committee comply with this request? Why did the Committee deliberately refuse to investigate the American atrocities when it imagined the people would raise this demand, whilst it rushed in before it could possibly have had time to make a considered judgment, to comply with Acheson's order that it should come into the rear of this side's forces for an investigation?

Where is the so-called disinterestedness? Where is the impartiality? The Committee's actions brand it as a most vicious and shameless accomplice and lackey of American imperialism. The purpose behind its eagerness to investigate is obviously to find out the effectiveness of the American aggressors' unparalleled, brutal crime and to try to whitewash the perpetrators of the crime with a worthless report.

The Korean and Chinese peoples will never allow this accomplice and supporter of American imperialism to enter their countries to carry out such disgraceful schemes. The news of the highly criminal use by American imperialism of bacteriological weapons in Korea and China will be carried to every corner of the globe. Let the people all over the world transmute their just anger at this crime into overwhelming strength and chop off the American imperialists' blood-stained hands.

U.S. Cannot Evade Responsibility for Germ War

The following commentary was published by the Hsinhua News Agency on March 29, 1952.

In the face of angry condemnation of the people throughout the world, the monstrous perpetrators of germ warfare—the American aggressors—are uneasy. On the one hand, they continue to disclaim responsibility for their crime and, by slandering with vicious lies, hope to evade this responsibility. On the other hand, using complete sophistry, they are trying their best to prove that carrying out bacteriological warfare is not a crime. This is an expression of the American aggressors' guilty conscience, and has sharply revealed the sanguinary face of the murderers before the people of the world.

The United State Information Service, official propaganda agency of the U.S.A., as well as a spy centre, on March 21 published a thoroughly misleading commentary entitled, "The World Today" which attempts to deny germ warfare. Like a wolf in sheep's clothing, the commentary tried all manner of tricks, basing itself on two fallacious points.

The first point brought out was that "no nation with the most elementary humanitarianism would initiate a war of such weapons." Even here, the American aggressors still dare not openly announce that the U.S. is a "nation with the most elementary humanitarianism," because America dare not condemn bacteriological weapons. But the commentary intended to suggest that the U.S. is such a country. However, people throughout the world know that the United States which is controlled by the millionaire clique of Wall Streeters can never be a "nation with the most elementary humanitarianism." The American aggressors have not only actively prepared bacteriological weapons which contravene humanitarianism, but they have also systematically carried out bombings and strafings against open peaceful cities and villages in Korea. On a mass scale, they have slaughtered defenceless women and children, the aged and the weak in Korea. America's aggressive armed forces in Korea rape and loot at will. They maltreat, insult and slaughter the captured personnel of the Chinese and Korean people's forces at will and even carry out germ experiments on them. Can all these countless crimes be committed by a "nation with the most elementary humanitarianism"? Facts

prove that the American aggressors are a gang of most cruel, barbaric and shameless bandits.

The second point raised in this commentary is: "If the United Nations Command were to spread germs to the Communist troops, nothing would prevent these same germs from spreading to their own forces." But this kind of sophistry is unworthy of refutation. The American aggressors have long made all kinds of preparations to carry out bacteriological warfare. The inoculation certificates and statements by many American soldiers and those of satellite countries who have been recently captured at the Korean front prove that before the U.S. aggressors began bacteriological warfare they had inoculated their aggressive forces against plague, cholera, typhus fever, smallpox, tetanus, encephalitis, yellow fever and other diseases. Everyone knows plague has never occurred in Korea; there has been no cholera in North Korea since 1947; while yellow fever is a disease occurring on the American continent and in other tropical regions. The fact that the American aggressive forces in Korea should all be inoculated against these diseases is clear proof that they were preparing to carry out germ warfare. Another powerful proof is the fact that the American aggressive forces were withdrawn in advance from the area in which they were preparing to disseminate germs. At 1 p.m. on February 11, three American planes dropped germ-carrying vermin in the area 45 kilometres northeast of Kaesong and 15 kilometres northwest of Chorwon. But American forces in that area were withdrawn during the night of February 10. This was not a coincidence, but was deliberately pre-arranged. The American aggressors thought their preparations were as secret as the grave. But their soldiers taken prisoner by the Chinese and Korean people's forces have exposed their shameless machinations.

While the American aggressors pretend to be as innocent as a newborn babe, swearing denial of their own crimes, they have been revealing their criminal nature. In the United States Information Service commentary, reiteration was made of such clumsy lies as that "serious epidemics in China of influenza, pneumonia, measles, smallpox, scarlet fever, encephalitis and other diseases" have broken out and that the "Communist authorities in North Korea have failed to provide efficient civil or military health measures." In order to substantiate their lies, they referred to the war criminal, Brigadier General Sams. This is what the commentary said: "Last year, U.S.

Brigadier-General Crawford Sams, a medical expert, led a four-man team behind Communist lines to study health conditions there." These presumptuous American aggressors perhaps imagine that nobody knows about Brigadier-General Sams. But it is well known that Sams is not a "medical expert", that although his full title is Chief of the U.S. Army's so-called Public Health and Welfare Section, his actual job is to kill people and that he is the criminal in charge of bacteriological warfare. American news agencies and magazines have repeatedly revealed that he is directing bacteriological experiments on Korean and Chinese prisoners aboard landing craft No. 1091. He personally went on a secret mission in March of last year to the Korean rear. According to the Associated Press at the time, his mission was to collect "disease intelligence" and not "to investigate the health conditions there." The gangster chiefs are calling on their underlings to stand witness for them, for they can find no one else. But this testimony only proves their countless crimes.

Prevaricating and slandering, the American aggressors are holding on like grim death to their "life-saving" wisp of straw, in the form of the "International Committee of the Red Cross." Again, the United States Information Service commentary brazenly asserted: "It is up to the Communists to admit the Red Cross Committee to North Korea. It is up to the Communists to permit this investigation or to retract their charges." This has been constantly parrotted in Tokyo by the so-called "Voice of the United Nations Command" broadcasting station and the London Press Service. But these vile and weak lies of the American aggressors and their collaborators are only an endless reptition of the threadbare lies of yesterday and the day before. The American aggressors and their collaborators only deny that they have carried out germ warfare but dare not condemn the use of bacteriological weapons. They dare not even advocate their prohibition. They have not for a moment stopped slandering the Korean and Chinese peoples' just accusation as "monstrous falsehoods," but they dare not even mention the facts exposing their long-planned preparations to engage in bacteriological warfare. With every breath they clamour for an investigation by the "disinterested" "International Committee of the Red Cross," but towards the facts which have exposed the truth about the so-called "disinterested" "International Commitee of the Red Cross" in the service of U.S. imperialism they dare not utter a word. They have even imposed so tight a blackout on reports of these facts

that not a single word about them is let out. These iron-clad facts have now clearly hit the American aggressors and their collaborators, like the fear that overwhelms a robber in court when he is confronted with his hidden plunder. How could they dare to refer to them? They have the furtive manner of a man with a guilty conscience who stands exposed before the world.

The evidence of their crimes is so conclusive that the American aggressors themselves seem to consider that their slanderous repudiation is inadequate. They are racking their brains to fabricate a variety of points to convince people that bacteriological warfare is not a crime, while plotting in advance to lay the groundwork for public opinion to exonerate them of their criminal responsibility. With this end in view, they have already shamelessly trumped up three types of feeble arguments. However, the American aggressors carelessly revealed their flagrant crime of bacteriological warfare.

Their first absurd argument is that bacteriological warfare is not illegal. The mouthpiece of the American warmongers, *U.S. News and World Report,* carried in its March 21 issue an article of fantastic propaganda about bacteriological warfare. This article openly answers "yes" to the question: "Is the U.S. Army actively experimenting with germ warfare?" and admits that "it has been doing so since early World War II." It further admits that "there is no practical reason why it cannot be done just as the Communists have charged the U.S. with doing it—dropping diseased animals and insects from planes over wide areas." The article devotes much space to shameless boasting about bacteriological warfare. In conclusion, it raises the question: "Is there any international agreement against the use of bacteriological warfare, as there is against the use of poison gas?" and brazenly replies, "Apparently not." That the American aggressors have the effrontery to deny a fact known to everyone is precisely a full exposure of their shameless nature. The Hague Conventions of 1899 and 1907 prohibit the use of poison weapons, and even the "Rules of Land Warfare" of the U.S. Army also acknowledge that this article in the Hague Conventions "extends to the use of means calculated to spread contagious diseases." The banning of bacteriological weapons was explicitly provided in the Geneva Protocol of 1925, and the U.S. is one of the signatory States. Such shameless denials by the American aggressors only serve to betray them and prove their crime.

The American aggressors' second trick is to cite historical precedents, by which they try to evade their responsibility for bacteriological warfare. The same article in the *U.S. News and World Report* reads: "Have there been actual cases in which germ warfare was used against people? Yes, many times on a limited scale. U.S. military officials are convinced that the Japanese began small epidemics among Chinese troops at one time in World War II. In World War I, the Germans infected some Allied horses with virus, hoping it would spread to the troops. Centuries ago, the British left plague-infected clothing behind when their army retreated, the advancing French forces were defeated after they captured and wore the clothing, then came down with bubonic plague. Earlier, Roman armies catapulted diseased corpses into besieged cities, causing serious epidemics and making the cities' capture easy." This betrays their serious consideration of using bacteriological warfare. By such "historical" parallels, the American aggressors are now trying to show that they are not the first to use bacteriological warfare, but have predecessors in history, hoping that this will lessen or relieve them of responsibility for their own crimes. But the people have never allowed any murderers of the people to go unpunished. American war criminals do not have to go back to the Roman Empire to find predecessors. They need only look at contemporary history and note the fate of those who were tried at the Nuremberg and Khabarovsk Tribunals. The American aggressors' nonsensical arguments can never brush aside their crimes and responsibility, but, on the contrary, will be strong evidence at future trials of these criminals.

The American aggressors have yet another set of tricks up their sleeve: they adopt an air of outraged innocence, and at the same time put up a bold front. In the "Science in Review" column of the *New York Times* of March 16, they tried hard, on the one hand to deny their crime of conducting bacteriological warfare, but, on the other hand, made reservations by shamelessly spreading rumours to the effect that "China is full of infected rats and fleas, and a few more would not convert and make disease into an epidemic..."

The American aggressors think they are smart and imagine if they really cannot deny the facts, they can put up a bold front and plead not guilty by saying—yes, we did spread germs, but since you are already full of germs, it does not matter if if we spread a few more. Is this the talk of civilised human beings? It is the logic of gangsters, the yammering of a devil!

The rumours spread by the American aggressors do not dignify a reply. Everyone knows the American and British imperialists are bitterly hostile to the great People's Republic of China. Unable to do anything about her, they can only resort to the most witless imprecation, slander and rumour, to present a thoroughly distorted picture of China. As early as July 10, 1950, the British imperialist government of Hongkong declared by way of rumour that Amoy was a plague port. In March 1951, the World Health Organisation, under the control of U.S. imperialism, in order to carry out the American order to blockade China, in an announcement shamelessly rumoured that all China's coastal ports were plague-ridden. As a matter of fact, China is neither "full of infected rats and fleas" nor has she any special diseases.

Since the establishment of the Central People's Government all contagious epidemics have been brought under control. In Korea, as has been pointed out earlier, there has never been a case of plague in its history. As for cholera, it has been eliminated from North Korea since 1947. The sudden appearance of germ-infected rats and fleas can have no other source than the American imperialists.

The attempt of the American aggressors to use such vicious rumours and gangster logic in order to evade and deny their responsibility is but a revelation of the true face of these criminals who use bacteriological weapons to massacre the people of China and Korea.

From the fact that the American aggressors dare not mention any of the evidence that points to their crime but indulge only in manufacturing crude rumours and slanders, the fact that Acheson dare not condemn bacteriological warfare as illegal and inhuman but keeps on denying everything, and from the absurd sophistry voiced by the American propaganda machine, people see the true countenance of the guilty one trying to cover up his crime.

All such shameless denial, slanders and sophistry, not only cannot minimise the grave crime of the American aggressors in conducting bacteriological warfare but really serve as powerful evidence pointing to the criminal. The American aggressors can never escape their responsibility for carrying out germ warfare; they must ultimately receive the most severe punishment of justice from all the people of the world.

TRYGVE LIE SHOWS UP AS U.S. STOOGE

The following commentary was issued by the Hsinhua News Agency on April 7.

On March 27 and April 3, Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, cabled the Chinese and Korean Governments, brazenfacedly repeating the conspiratorial proposal offering "technical assistance" through the so-called "World Health Organisation" and pressing for an "urgent reply to this offer." Earlier, on March 20, he declared in his messages to the same governments that the "World Health Organisation" offered "to provide technical assistance in controlling reported epidemics in North Korea."

All this was done at a time when people throughout the world are joining in thunderous protest against the flagrant crime of germ warfare perpetrated by the American aggressors and demanding severe punishment of the American bacteriological war criminals. Time and again, in the teeth of worldwide denunciation, Trygve Lie, in his high-pressure sales campaign for the proposals made on the instructions of his American masters, has tried to confuse people throughout the world and cover up the American aggressors' crimes. This contemptible behaviour again proves that Lie has reduced himself to an instrument and accomplice of aggression for the United States.

It is not surprising that Lie, as the Secretary-General of the United Nations, is so enthusiastic and faithful in the service of American imperialism. A glance at the criminal record of Lie's past two years' activities in the United Nations suffices to give a clear picture of his work in the United Nations as a servile American stooge.

Since the American aggressors started their unjust war of invasion of Korea, Trygve Lie has cast aside the United Nations Charter and his duty, and become an out-and-out American tool and jackal openly hostile to the people of Korea and China.

Lie has been an active supporter of the aggressive war against Korea right from its very beginning. In a broadcast speech on June 26, 1950, the day after the Korean war started, when the American armed interventionists were ready to plunge in, Trygve Lie came out with a statement paving the way for this aggressive move by the Americans. He said that if the Security Council had troops at its disposal, it could appropriately use them if the North Korean government failed to obey the Council's order to halt the war. The next day, after the U.S.-manipulated Security Council illegally adopted the American proposal demanding that all the member states of the United Nations participate in the armed intervention in the Korean civil war, Lie not only promptly circulated this illegal resolution to all member states, but also abused his position as the Secretary-General of the United Nations by demanding that every member state make clear with what "assistance" it would "support" this illegal resolution.

Nor will people forget that when the American aggressors usurped the name of the United Nations to form what they called "the United Nations forces," Lie held a flag-presentation ceremony, debasing the olive-branched United Nations flag into a cloak for American imperialist armed intervention in Korea.

The U.S. has shown its full appreciation for the services rendered by Lie. When Lie's term of office as Secretary-General expired on February 1, 1951, American imperialism violated the U.N. Charter by forcing his illegal continuance in office during the fifth session of the United Nations General Assembly. And Lie has since proved himself even more subservient to his American masters.

In February 1951, when the U.S.-dominated United Nations passed a resolution slandering China as an "aggressor," Lie gave open support. On February 16 of the same year, Lie, repeating parrot-fashion U.S. delegate Warren Austin's words, issued a truth-twisting statement slandering the Korean and Chinese people's forces as the forces carrying out "armed aggression." He persistently hindered China from participation in the fifth session of the United Nations General Assembly. Later, on September 7, 1951, he threateningly declared: "There is no question of admitting the Chinese Communist regime to the world organisation (that is, the U.N.) as long as the Korean war continues."

Most shocking is the fact that despite the "large number of protests against bacteriological warfare which . . . the United States has been waging in Korea" which the U.N. Secretariat has received (March 20 A.F.P. New York dispatch) since the beginning of the U.S. criminal germ warfare, Lie turned a deaf ear. He even brazenly said on March 19 that the charges made by Malik, the Soviet delegate to the U.N. Disarmament Commission against the perpetration by the U.S. armed forces of germ warfare in Korea are "utterly false."

In view of his record, can Lie truly be called "the Secretary-General of the U.N.?" Is he not Wall Street's major-domo from head to foot?

The obvious intent behind this faithful U.S. lackey's repeated proposals for the "World Health Organisation" to give so-called "technical assistance" is to cover up the U.S. crime of germ warfare and to collect information about the effectiveness of germ warfare for the Americans. Can there be the slightest doubt about this?

In fact, the very nature of Lie's proposals proves this shameless attempt. What is the "World Health Organisation" urged by Lie? The "W.H.O." is a specialised agency of the U.N. which has become a tool of U.S. aggression. On October 24, 1950, the then U.S. Assistant Secretary of State, Dean Rusk, declared: "We are the United Nations. There is no great organisation at Lake Success. When we point out to the U.N., we point out to ourselves."

The World Health Organisation's predecessor was the Health Section of the notorious "League of Nations." The "W.H.O." also took over part of the work left by the Health Division of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration (U.N.R.R.A.). The "League of Nations" was an instrument for imperialist aggression. This fact is well established. As regards the U.N.R.R.A., the Chinese people still remember its criminal history. Throughout the whole period of its existence, the U.N.R.R.A. China Office was a U.S. agency against China. It was a life line for the Chiang Kai-shek brigands in their war against the Chinese people. The people in the then liberated areas, in the main, did not receive "relief" supplies. The present "W.H.O." is essentially the same as its predecessor. It is a U.S.-dominated agency conducting espionage activities under the name of "health." Countries like the Soviet Union and Bulgaria were dissatisfied with its criminal activities, and one after another have announced their withdrawal from it since 1949. From that time on, this

agency has been used by the U.S. to fan war hysteria and propagandise germ warfare. Its hostile attitude towards the Chinese people is a matter of public record.

In its support of the U.S. embargo against China, the Singapore branch of the "W.H.O." on four occasions in March 1951 fabricated reports of information on "epidemics" in China. It viciously branded all Chinese ports as "plague ports." At the same time, the Chairman of this organisation, Dr. Brock Chisholm, a Canadian, is a notorious agitator for germ warfare. In his speech of September 9, 1949, he argued the superiority of bacteriological weapons over atomic weapons. On October 13 of the same year, he openly bragged about the "might" of bacteriological weapons at a press conference at Lake Success.

The fact is that there is no epidemic in China or Korea. What is there is the bacteria spread by the U.S. aircraft. Therefore, it is absurd for "W.H.O." to parrot Acheson and declare that it wants to provide "assistance." Is this not entirely an effort on its part to find out for the U.S. the effectiveness of its germ warfare?

"Technical assistance" by such an agency and such a person is tantamount to the accomplice of an arsonist offering to put out a fire. What "good-will" does it express other than fishing in troubled waters? Lie's manoeuvre, put forward on U.S. instructions, to collect information under the pretext of "W.H.O.'s" giving "technical assistance" has been disclosed by the "Voice of the U.N.," a propaganda agency of the U.S. aggressor forces in Korea. On March 24, its broadcast stated that "the most imperative step is the investigation of conditions to determine whether epidemics exist, to determine what diseases are involved and to determine what assistance can be given to bring them under control."

The deposition of the U.S. special agent, Han Chong Ak, a Korean who was recently air-dropped and who turned himself over to the Korean Democratic People's Republic, shows that the "most imperative step" in the provision of "technical assistance" by the "W.H.O." as designated by the U.S. aggressors is the same as the task of investigating the effectiveness of germ warfare given to Han Chong Ak and other special agents who were parachuted into North Korea.

The facts have become quite clear. Lie's proposal is part and parcel of the U.S. plot to collect information on the effectiveness of

germ warfare. The "W.H.O." will be charged with the same shameless tasks under the guidance of the U.S. aggressors, as those assigned to U.S.-parachuted special agents who have been captured one after another.

It was after the exposure of the plot of "investigation" by the "International Committee of the Red Cross" which was contrived by the U.S. aggressors themselves that they ordered Lie to put up the facade of "W.H.O." But this is merely another vain attempt by the U.S. aggressors and their satellites. Just punishment will be meted out to the U.S. aggressors who are waging criminal bacteriological warfare. Those who, like Lie, serve the interests of the U.S. aggressors also cannot escape severe condemnation and punishment as their accomplice.